



SDI Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	Journal of Engineering Research and Reports
Manuscript Number:	Ms_JERR_61805
Title of the Manuscript:	Comparative Analysis of Optimum Maintenance cost for water Borehole in South-Eastern Nigeria
Type of the Article	Original Research Article

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound. To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<http://www.sciencedomain.org/journal/10/editorial-policy>)

PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
Compulsory REVISION comments	Fitting real data with a higher polinomial, like second degree instead of first degree, should naturally apeal better. Linear models are limited. Also, higher degree polinomials should overcome the context. This is Occam's principle. Therefore, a second degree polinomial is naturally good option, and the research goal is achieved caryfully. I think the authors can touch this principle, because it is philosophical, and can be placed here.	
Minor REVISION comments	The abstract is being devided in boldfaxe topics.	
Optional/General comments	This paper is more on the side of Economics than in natural science. Some especialized people should be more critical and with better input for the authors.	

PART 2:

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
Are there ethical issues in this manuscript?	<u>(If yes, Kindly please write down the ethical issues here in details)</u>	

Reviewer Details:

Name:	Lourenildo W. B. Leite
Department, University & Country	Federal University of Pará, Brazil